

## Chapter 11 Governor

**Instructions:** Each question has four options, choose the correct answer.

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**1. Who appoints the Governor of a state?**

- (a) President
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Chief Justice of India
- (d) Parliament

**Answer: (a) President**

**2. The Governor holds office during the pleasure of:**

- (a) President
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Chief Minister
- (d) State Legislature

**Answer: (a) President**

**3. The normal term of office of a Governor is:**

- (a) 3 years
- (b) 5 years
- (c) 6 years
- (d) At the pleasure of the President

**Answer: (b) 5 years**

**4. Which Article of the Constitution deals with the office of Governor?**

- (a) Article 152
- (b) Article 153
- (c) Article 154
- (d) Article 155

**Answer: (b) Article 153**

**5. Who administers the oath of office to the Governor?**

- (a) President
- (b) Chief Justice of High Court
- (c) Chief Minister
- (d) Senior-most Judge of High Court

**Answer: (b) Chief Justice of High Court**

**6. The minimum age for appointment as Governor is:**

- (a) 30 years
- (b) 35 years
- (c) 40 years
- (d) No age limit specified

**Answer: (b) 35 years**

**7. A Governor can be appointed for the same state for:**

- (a) Only one term
- (b) Maximum two terms
- (c) Any number of terms
- (d) As decided by President

**Answer: (c) Any number of terms**

**8. The Governor is not a member of:**

- (a) State Legislature
- (b) Parliament
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) Council of Ministers

**Answer: (c) Both (a) and (b)**

**9. Who acts as the Governor when the office is vacant?**

- (a) Chief Justice of High Court
- (b) Chief Minister
- (c) Speaker of Legislative Assembly

(d) President's nominee

**Answer: (a) Chief Justice of High Court**

**10. Which of the following is NOT a qualification for appointment as Governor?**

(a) Citizen of India

(b) Completed 35 years of age

(c) Should not hold any office of profit

(d) Must be domicile of the state

**Answer: (d) Must be domicile of the state**

**11. The Governor can be transferred from one state to another by:**

(a) President

(b) Prime Minister

(c) Parliament

(d) Supreme Court

**Answer: (a) President**

**12. The Governor's salary is charged on:**

(a) Consolidated Fund of India

(b) Consolidated Fund of State

(c) Contingency Fund of State

(d) Public Account of State

**Answer: (b) Consolidated Fund of State**

**13. The Governor has the power to grant pardons under:**

(a) Article 161

(b) Article 162

(c) Article 163

(d) Article 164

**Answer: (a) Article 161**

**14. The executive power of the state is vested in:**

(a) Governor

(b) Chief Minister

(c) Council of Ministers

(d) State Legislature

**Answer: (a) Governor**

**15. The Governor appoints the:**

(a) Chief Minister

(b) Advocate General

(c) Chairman of State Public Service Commission

(d) All of the above

**Answer: (d) All of the above**

**16. The Governor addresses the State Legislature under:**

(a) Article 175

(b) Article 176

(c) Article 177

(d) Article 178

**Answer: (b) Article 176**

**17. Who has the power to nominate members to Legislative Council?**

(a) Governor

(b) Chief Minister

(c) President

(d) Speaker

**Answer: (a) Governor**

**18. The Governor can reserve a bill for consideration of the President under:**

(a) Article 200

(b) Article 201

(c) Article 202

(d) Article 203

**Answer: (a) Article 200**

**19. The Governor can promulgate ordinances when:**

- (a) State Legislature is not in session
- (b) Emergency is declared
- (c) Chief Minister advises
- (d) President directs

**Answer: (a) State Legislature is not in session**

**20. The ordinance-making power of Governor is mentioned in:**

- (a) Article 213
- (b) Article 214
- (c) Article 215
- (d) Article 216

**Answer: (a) Article 213**

**21. The Governor can dissolve the Legislative Assembly on the advice of:**

- (a) Chief Minister
- (b) Council of Ministers
- (c) Speaker
- (d) President

**Answer: (a) Chief Minister**

**22. The Governor is part of which of the following?**

- (a) State Legislature
- (b) Inter-State Council
- (c) National Development Council
- (d) All of the above

**Answer: (d) All of the above**

**23. The Governor has discretionary powers in which state?**

- (a) Jammu and Kashmir (before 2019)
- (b) Maharashtra
- (c) Uttar Pradesh
- (d) All states

**Answer: (a) Jammu and Kashmir (before 2019)**

**24. The Governor's power to issue ordinances is subject to approval by:**

- (a) State Legislature within 6 weeks
- (b) Parliament within 6 months
- (c) President within 1 month
- (d) Chief Minister within 3 weeks

**Answer: (a) State Legislature within 6 weeks**

**25. The Governor appoints the judges of:**

- (a) Supreme Court
- (b) High Court
- (c) District Court
- (d) All courts

**Answer: (c) District Court**

**26. The Governor can return a bill (except Money Bill) for reconsideration:**

- (a) Only once
- (b) Twice
- (c) Thrice
- (d) Unlimited times

**Answer: (a) Only once**

**27. The Governor's power to grant pardon extends to:**

- (a) Court martial cases
- (b) Death sentences
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) Only civil cases

**Answer: (a) Court martial cases**

**28. The Governor is consulted by the President while appointing:**

- (a) Chief Justice of High Court

- (b) Judges of High Court
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) Neither (a) nor (b)

**Answer: (c) Both (a) and (b)**

**29. The annual financial statement (Budget) is laid before the State Legislature by:**

- (a) Governor
- (b) Chief Minister
- (c) Finance Minister
- (d) Speaker

**Answer: (a) Governor**

**30. The Governor can recommend President's Rule in a state under:**

- (a) Article 352
- (b) Article 356
- (c) Article 360
- (d) Article 365

**Answer: (b) Article 356**

BREAKTHROUGH POINT